

Modelling infectious diseases with EpiGraph

David E. Singh

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**Barcelona
Supercomputing
Center**
Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

uc3m

Universidad
Carlos III
de Madrid



Instituto de Salud Carlos III

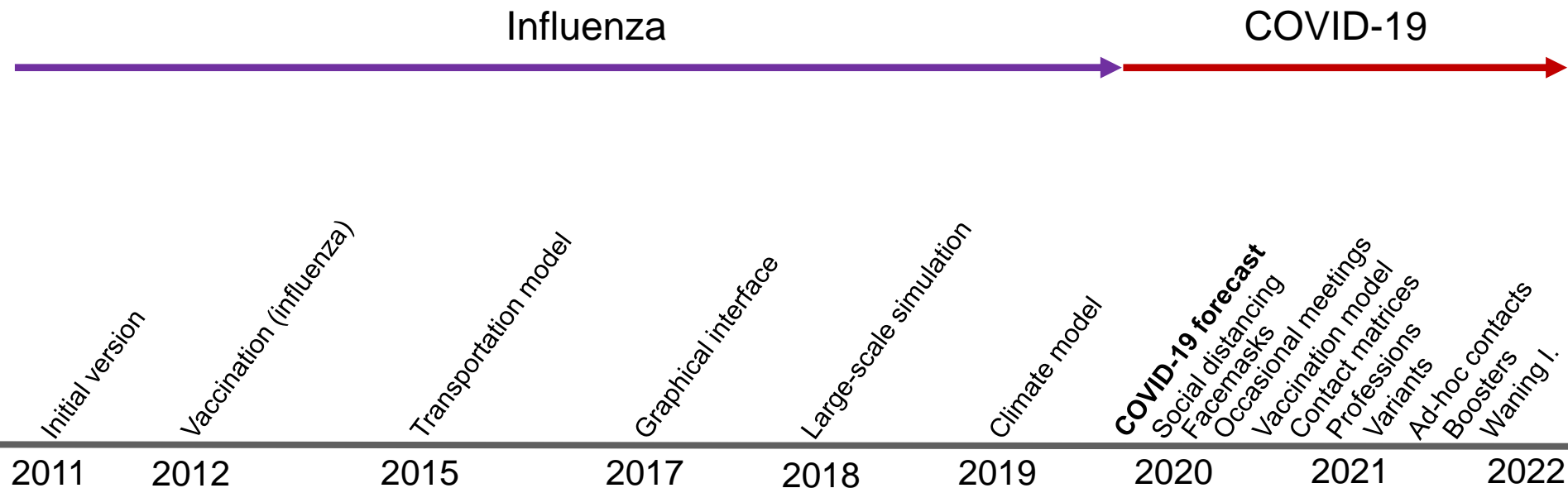
Overview

- ▶ Computer architecture group
- ▶ EpiGraph project started in 2010
- ▶ HPC infrastructure provided by the Spanish Supercomputing Network

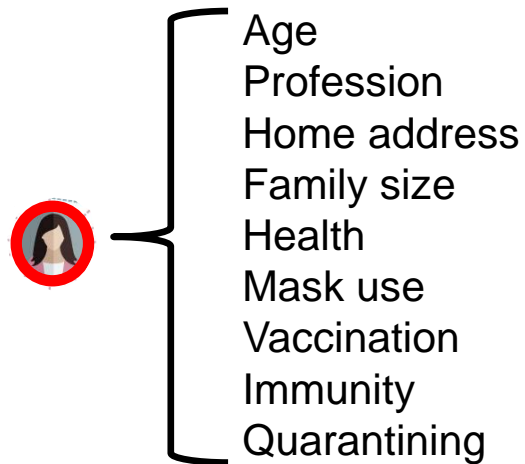


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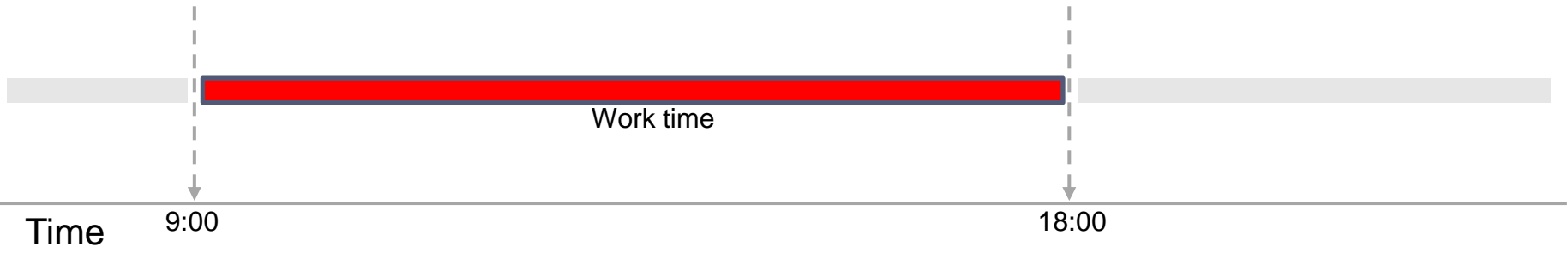
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Social model

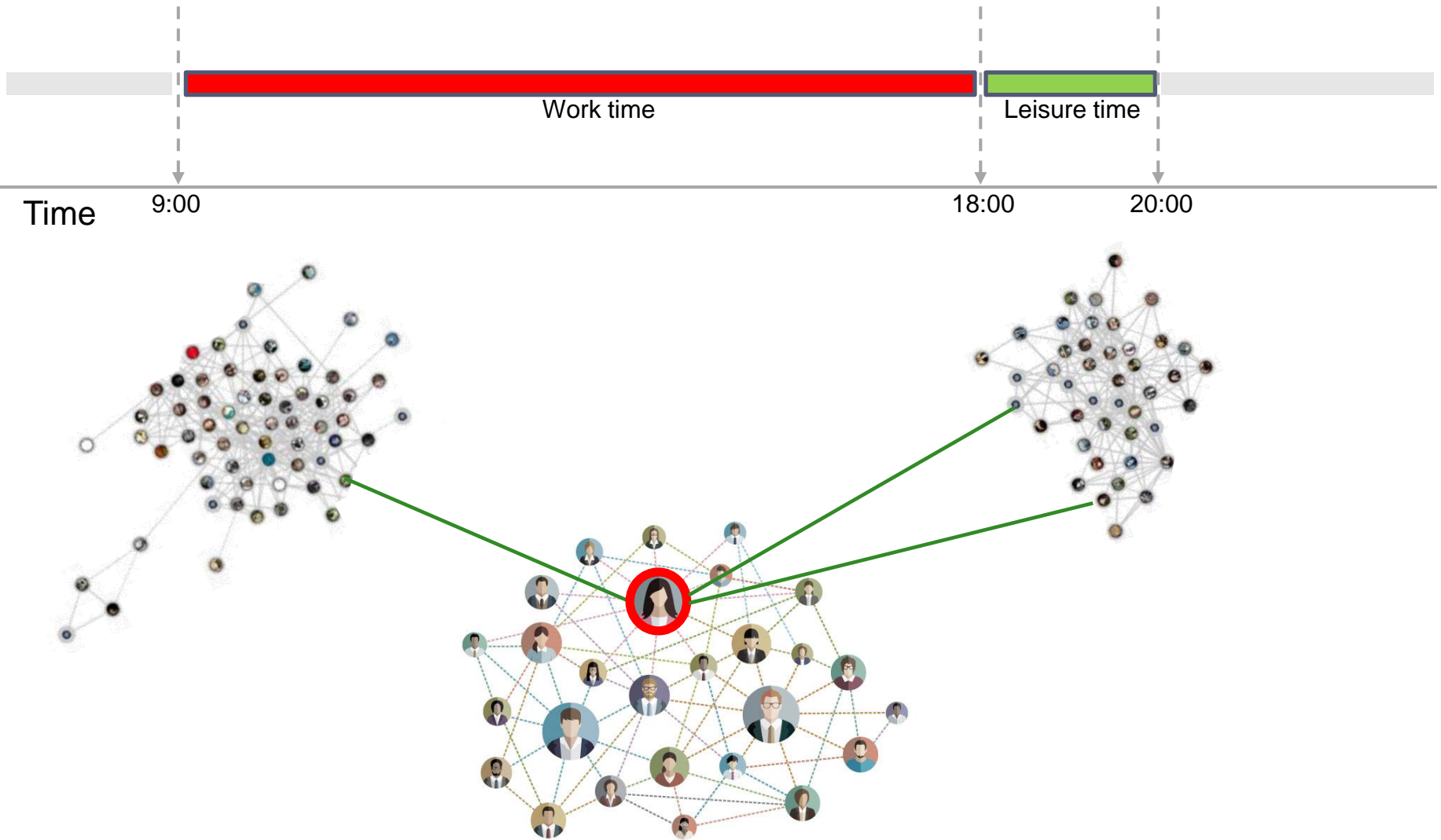


Social model

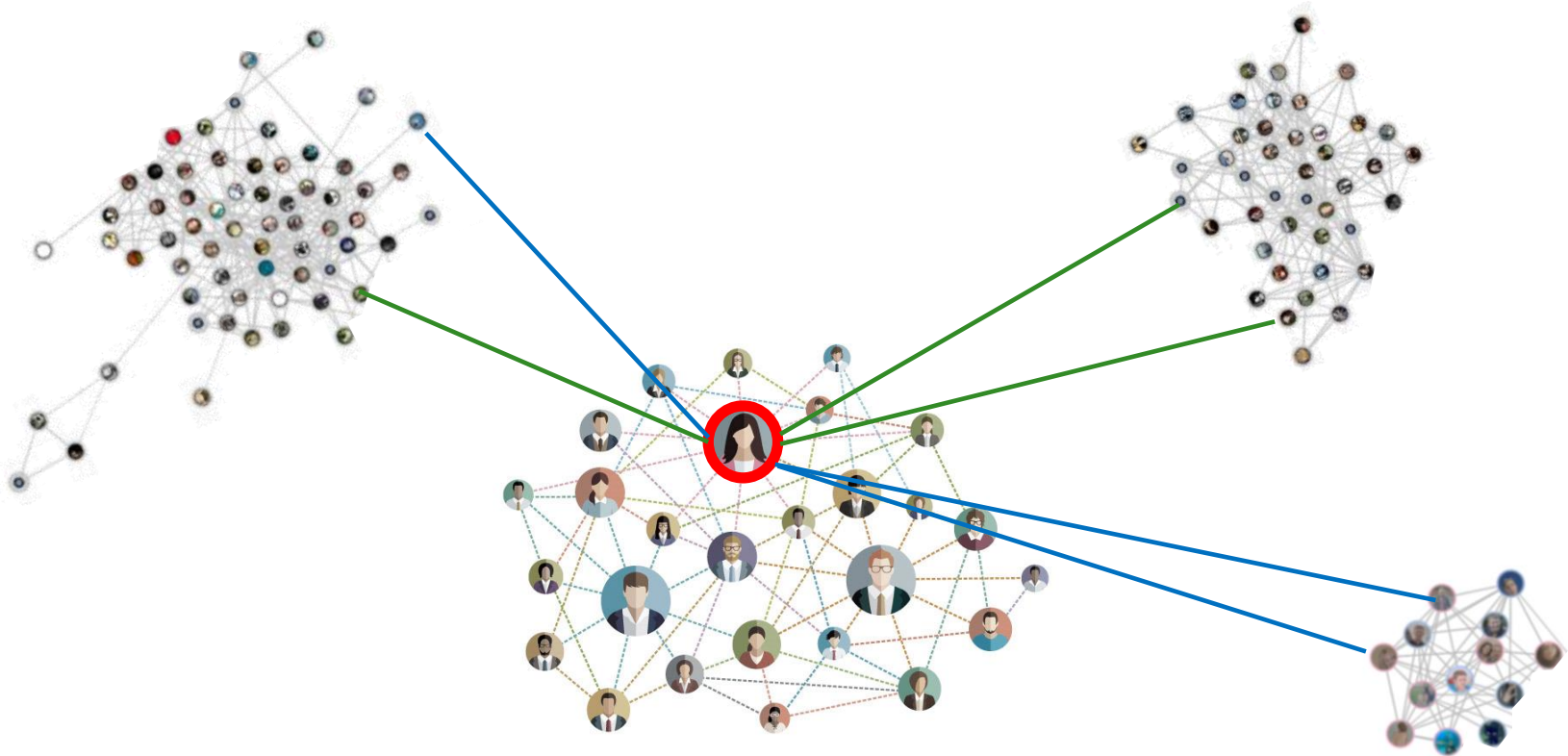
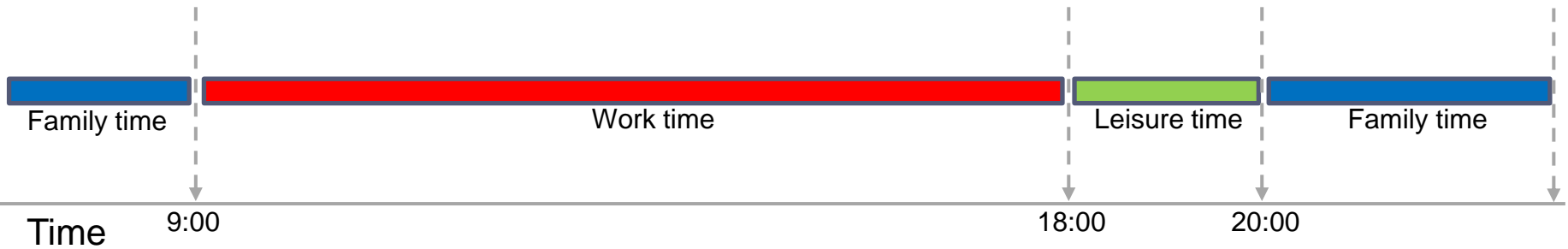


Work group

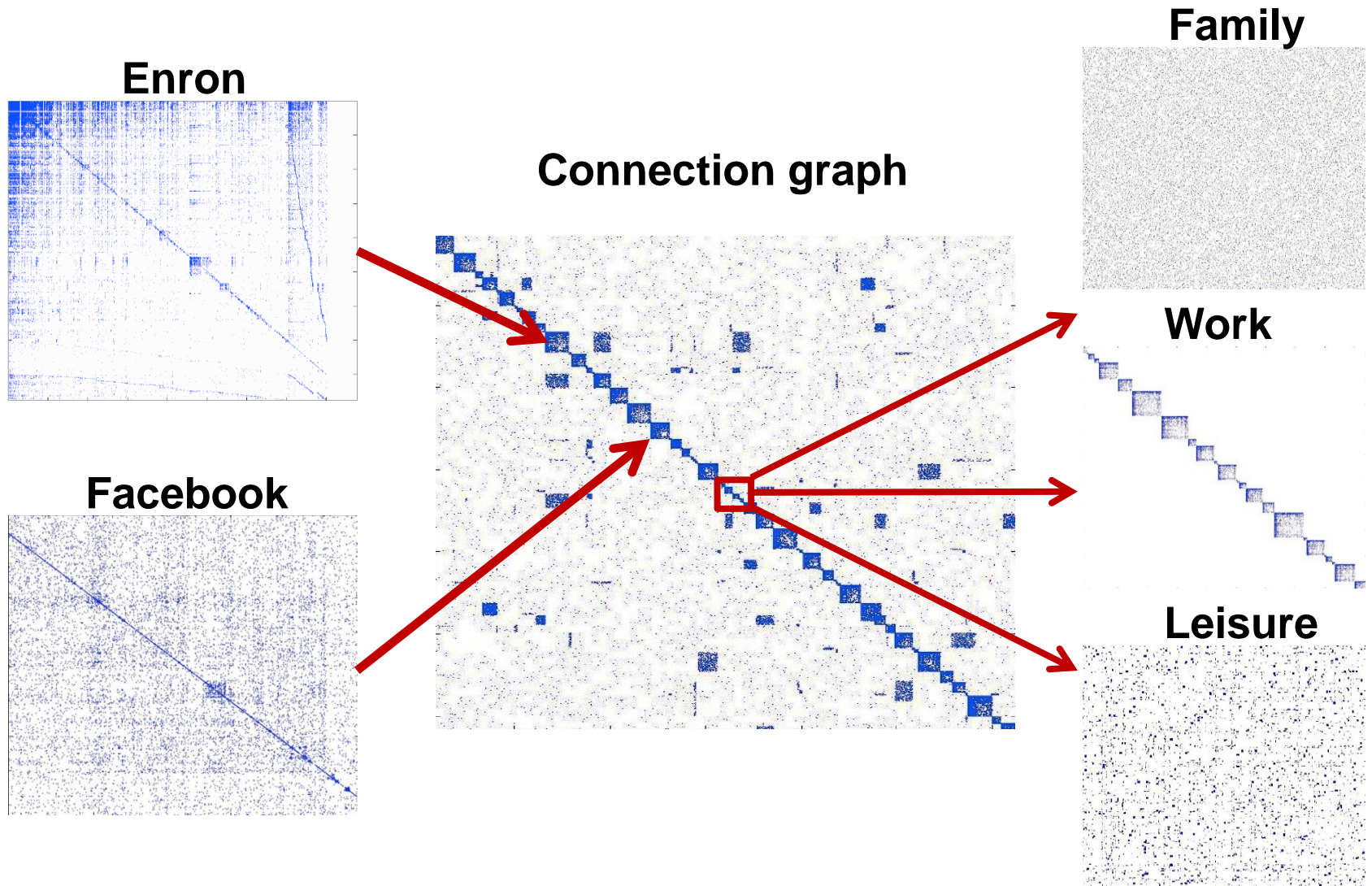
Social model



Social model



Social model



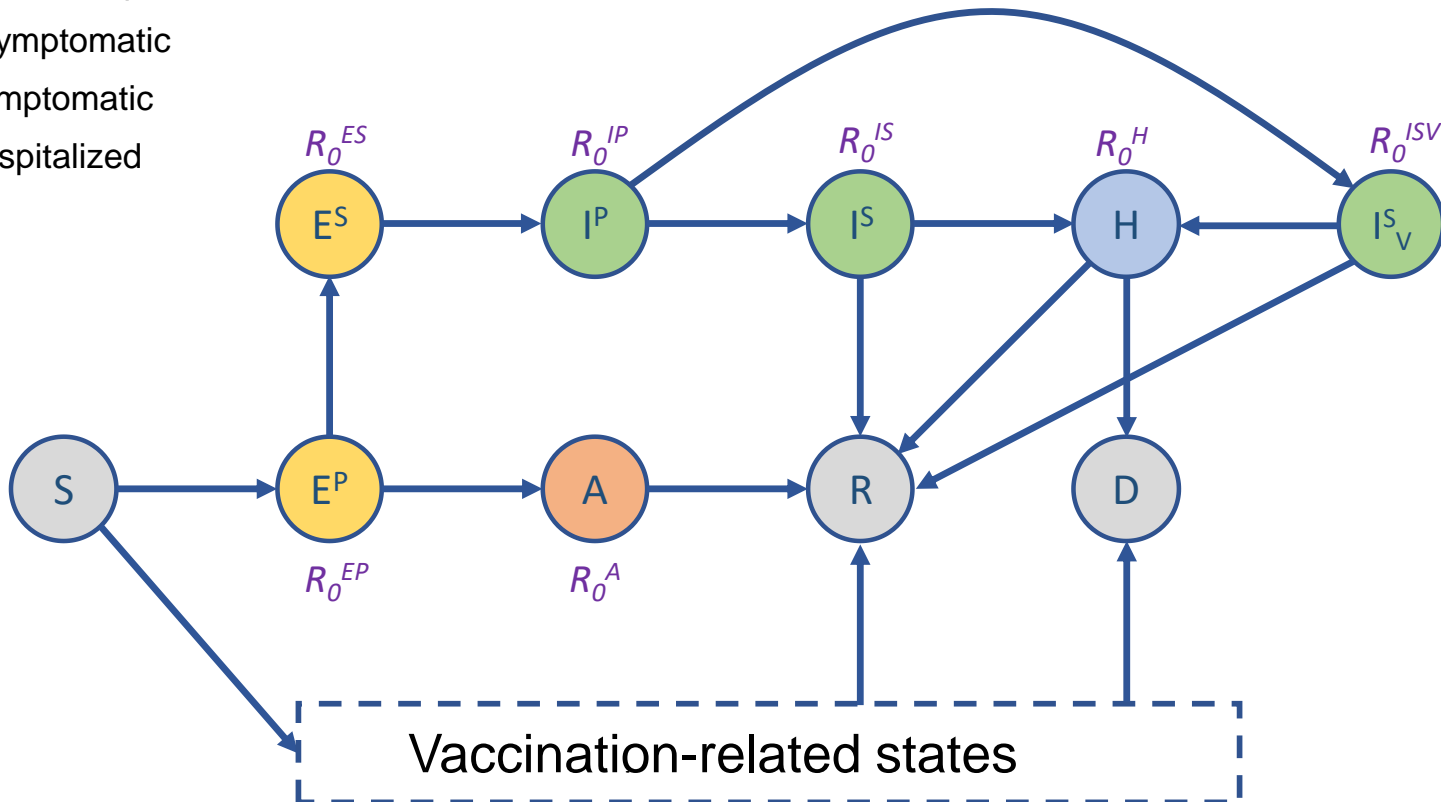
Social model

- ▶ Contact matrices
- ▶ Static profession-specific contacts
 - ▶ Teachers with students
 - ▶ Care givers with elderly people in nursing homes
- ▶ Dynamic profession-specific contacts
 - ▶ Non-front line health professionals
 - ▶ Front line health professionals
 - ▶ Higher risk of contact with COVID-19 infected individuals
 - ▶ Hospitality (catering workers)
 - ▶ Security services (police, etc.)
- ▶ Occasional social meetings

Epidemic model

Extended SEIR model

- Non-infected
- Incubation period
- Asymptomatic
- Symptomatic
- Hospitalized



Projects

Start year	Scope	Partner
2020	Forecast	Spanish National Epidemiology Centre (NEC)
2020	Spanish COVID-19 vaccination strategy	Spanish Ministry of Health (MoH)
2021	Removal of restriction analysis	NEC, MoH
2022	Long-term forecast	MoH, EUCovid-19ForecastHub
2022	Social disparities	NEC, University of Rostock
2022	Multi-source and multi-method prediction	Regional Government of Madrid

Social disparities

- ▶ Prof. Gabriele Doblhammer
- ▶ University of Rostock, Chair of Empirical Methods in Social Science and Demography
- ▶ Study the relationship between the COVID-19 incidence rates and the socioeconomic characteristics of different counties in Germany

- ▶ *Regional Characteristics of the Second Wave of SARS-CoV-2 Infections and COVID-19 Deaths in Germany. Int J Environ Res Public Health. 2021*

- ▶ *Social disparities in the first wave of COVID-19 infections in Germany: A county-scale explainable machine learning approach. BMJ Open. 2022*

Universität
Rostock



Infrastructure on High Performance Computing

Pan-European Research

HPC
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Research strands

Epidemiological models

- EpiGraph
- CoronaSurvey
- Machine learning

Social analysis

- Contact tracing
- Mobility analysis
- Population habits

Media analysis

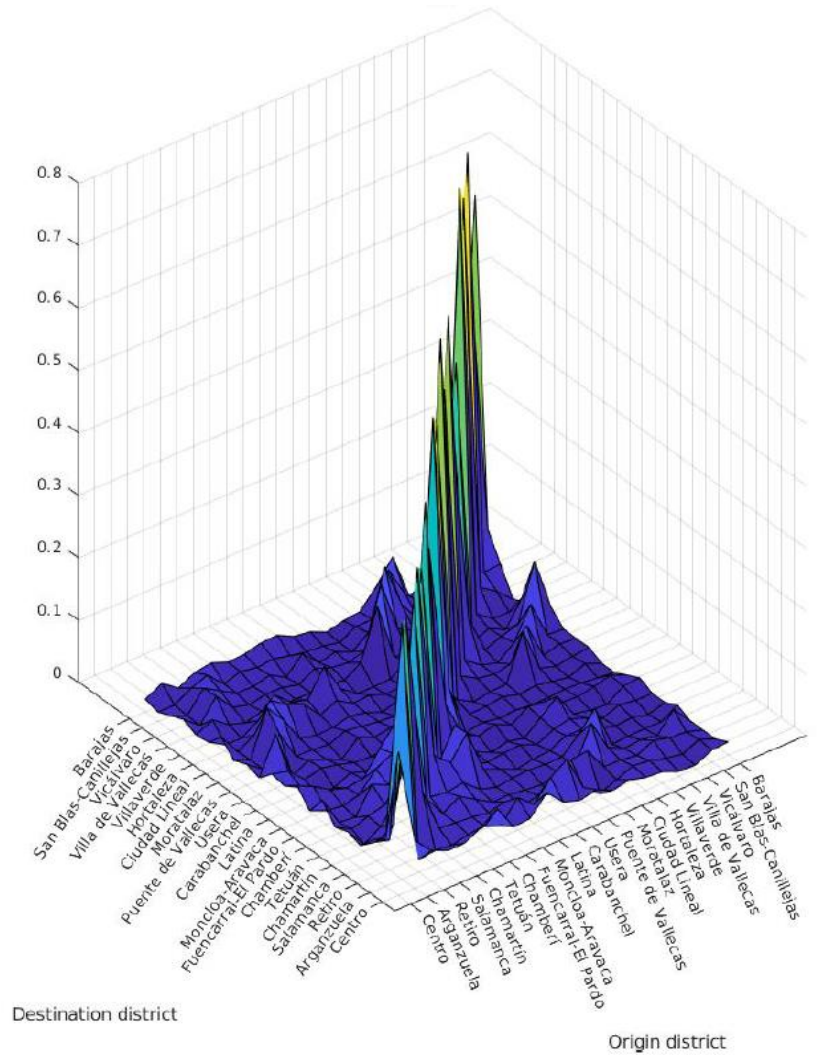
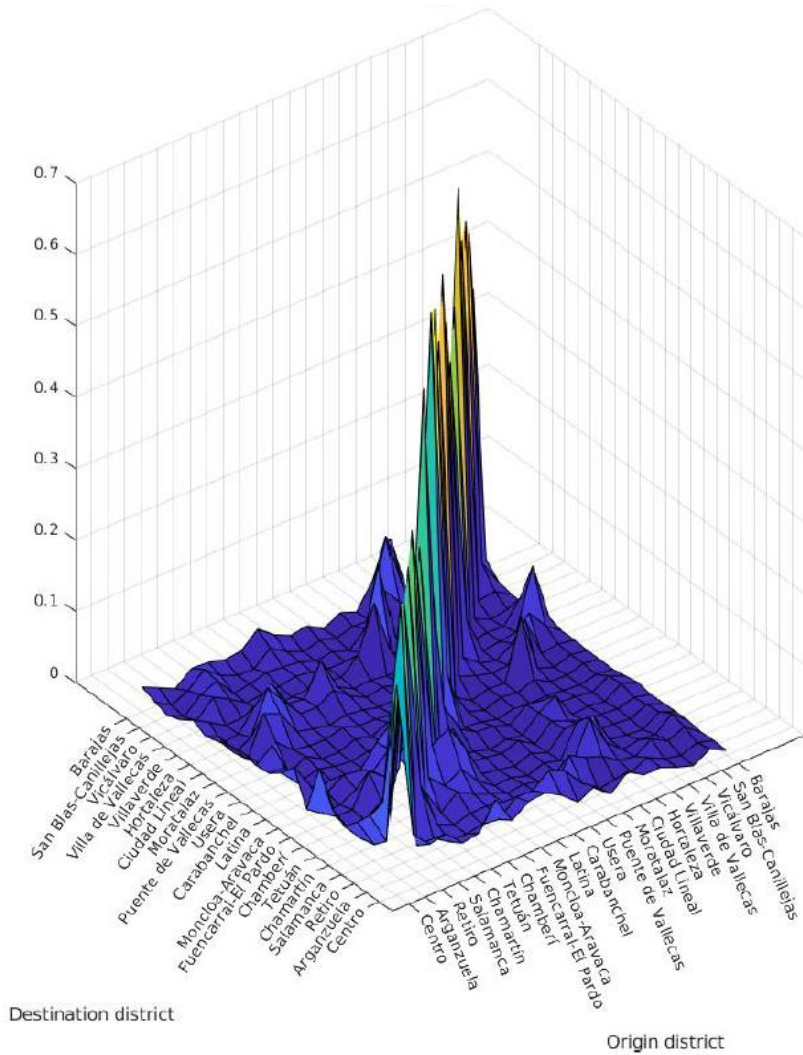
- Public debate
- Public perception of risk
- Fake news

Economic analysis

- Sectors experiencing growth or shrinking
- Economic policy design

- ▶ Madrid mobility survey (2018)
- ▶ Face-to-face interviews with every family member
 - ▶ 34,652 samples
- ▶ Phone interviews with one family member
 - ▶ 50,412 samples
- ▶ Survey consists of 22 questions with 9 questions related to each journey made.





Contact

- ▶ Project web page
 - ▶ <https://www.arcos.inf.uc3m.es/epigraph>
 - ▶ <https://www.arcos.inf.uc3m.es/predcov>

- ▶ Contact: David E. Singh
 - ▶ dexposit@inf.uc3m.es
 - ▶ <https://www.arcos.inf.uc3m.es/dexposito>